# **ADO Dataset Iterator Action**

The ADO Dataset Iterator action allows you to perform a group of actions for each row returned from a SQL query on a database using ADO.



## Query

ADO Dat	aset Iterato	or				>	٢			
General	Runtime	Query	Iterator Variables				Ŧ			
E E	The following variables will be set to the corresponding value of the data in the column (name or number) for the current row of the iteration									
	Column		Set Variable							
	DoTesting DoTestsUplo		DoTesting DoTestsUpload			_				
	<ul> <li>Use colun</li> </ul>	nn numbers			+	-				
	Use colun	nn names								
8	Sehavior opt	tions								
	Fail if no r	rows are fo	und							
	Value if null									
			C	Ж	Cancel	Help	]			

## **Connection String**

specify a connection string to your ADO data source. You can use the built in connection string builder to create and test your connection string.

## SQL

Either specify a file containing SQL, or specify the SQL statement in the text field.

## SQL statement from file

The file from which to load the SQL statement to run. This file require read permissions of the user running the Automise script. The file should contain a single valid SQL statement which can be run against the database in question. Only the filename itself will have Automise expressions expanded, the text the file contains will be read as is.

## **Text Query**

The test of an SQL statement to run. Automise expressions will be expanded on the first iteration.

## **Iterator Variables**

ADO Dataset Iterator								)	×	
Genera	al R	untime	Query	Iterator Variab	les					₹
		nnection string								
	Provider=MSDASQL.1;Persist Security Info=False;Data Source=MS Access Database									
SQL	SQL	QL State	ement from	ı file						
								<b></b>		
	Text query									
		SELEC	T*FROM	tblBuildHistory						
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## **Iterator Options**

Use the grid to set up which column values you want to put in variables for each iteration of the action. The above example shows that the Capability column and Version column values will be placed into the CapabilityName and VersionNum Automise variables. Use the Plus and Minus buttons to add and remove rows in the grid.

#### **Use Column Number**

Use column numbers to locate the columns listed in the variables list. This is dependent on table structure and the SQL statement. Care should be taken when database tables are altered so that the column numbers still match the columns expected.

#### **Use Column Names**

Use column names to locate the columns listed in the variables list. This makes obtaining the corrected column a little simpler and resilient to database changes. Note that this method does mean the iteration will take longer, however this is only dependent on the number columns contained in the dataset returned to the iterator.

## **Behaviour Options**

#### Fail if no rows are found

The action will be failed if no rows are returned from the SQL statement provided. Helpful for detecting that there are errors in either the database or SQL statement itself. If SQL statement is expected to return zero rows on some occasions then leave this option off.

#### Value if null

What value should be returned to the variables if NULL is returned in the dataset. This value is global to all columns, and if specific column values are required for NULL then this should be specified in the SQL statement provided.